

RIVKIN

WEALTH ADVISORS

A GUIDE TO RETIREMENT



What is it About Retirement that is Important to You?

This guide will explain the six core principles of a healthy and joyful retirement. Retirement means something different to everyone. For some, retirement might be sailing off to the sunset and lasting well into your golden years. For others, they enjoy working and keeping busy.

What is front of mind for most people when approaching retirement age?

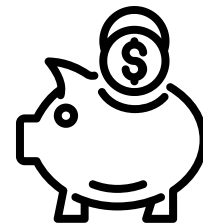
Will I have enough income to fund my lifestyle?

Will my money 'go the distance'?

What do I do now with all of this spare time?

Retirement Assumptions

Here are some common—and dangerous—assumptions that individuals make when planning for retirement:



1. Stock and bond market returns will always be robust.
2. Inflation will be benign.
3. You will be able to work past age 65.
4. You will receive an inheritance.

We help our clients control their retirement savings while also managing a giant shift in their personal needs. Whatever your definition of retirement may be, it ultimately depends on how you want to live, how to focus on what's essential, live in the moment, and spend quality time with the people you care the most about.

Contents

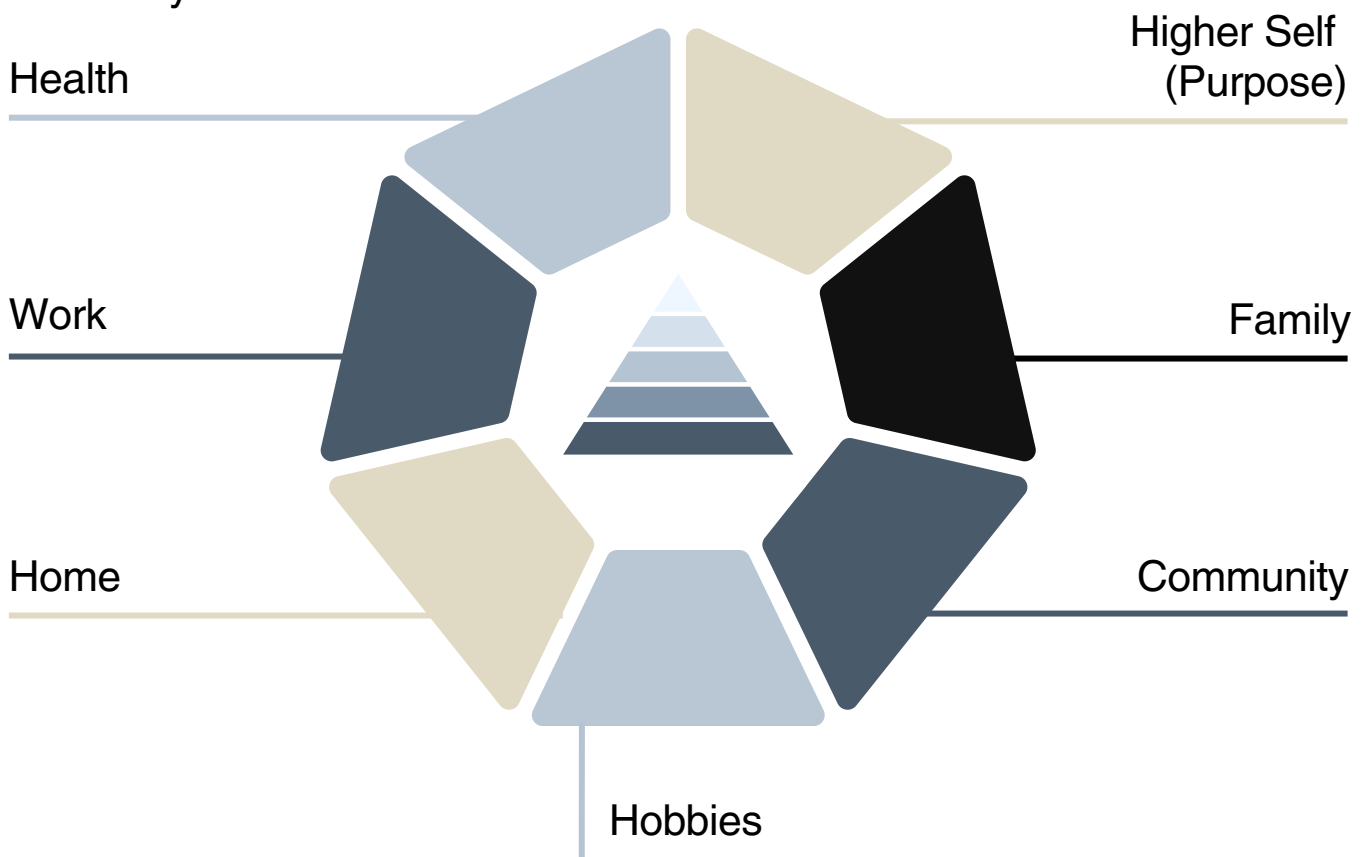
What is it About Retirement that is Important to You?	1
Understand Your Needs	4
What's the Best Financial Strategy Available to me?	5
Understand Your Relationship with Money.	8
Get Your Own Tax Haven	10
What's the Biggest Cost of Retirement?	12
The Second Innings	13
Retirement Quiz	14

Principle 1

Understand Your Needs

There are several trade-offs that we make when we transition from the workplace to retiring. Once retired, there *may* be a shift in thinking where a retired couple's concerns change to a lack of purpose, health concerns and losing independence. For many people they attach themselves to an identity associated with working, as work is meaningful. It's therefore important to consider what your needs are in the present and the future and how this may differ once retired.

The diagram below portrays a big-picture overview of the key areas to address your needs:



SMART goals are Specific, Measurable, Achievable, Relevant, and Time-bound objectives. This method helps create clear, actionable plans by defining what you want to achieve, how to track progress, and setting realistic deadlines. It's ideal for long-term planning, like saving for retirement or other financial goals.

Specific

Your retirement goals should be clear and specific. Define what you want to achieve.

Example: "I want to retire with a holiday every year_

Measurable

Set measurable criteria to fund your retirement.

Example: "I will require \$60,000 to live every year

Achievable

Ensure your goal is realistic given your financial situation.

Example: "Based on my income and expenses, I can save \$10,000 a year for the next 15 years."

Realistic

Your goal should align with your long-term retirement vision.

Example: Accumulating \$1,000,000 of capital will be sufficient to my needs

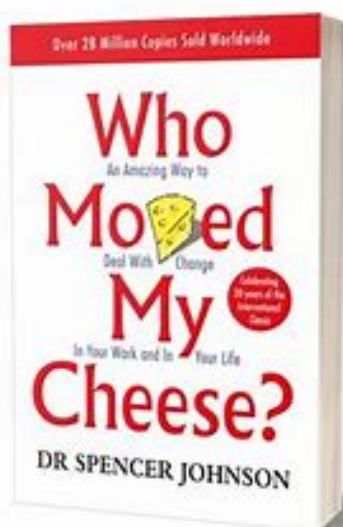
Time-bound

Set a deadline for your goal to create urgency and focus.

Example: "I want to retire by the age of 65

Book Recommendation

The book *Who Moved My Cheese* by Spencer Johnson uses a simple parable to illustrate how individuals can manage and adapt to change in their personal and professional lives.



The book emphasizes the importance of being open to change, remaining flexible, and not getting too comfortable with the status quo. It conveys that change is inevitable and that adapting to it proactively can lead to new opportunities and personal growth.

Want to see how your goals can apply to your unique retirement situation? Reach out to a financial advisor for personalised advice.

Your advisor is to understand your needs and motivations, all the while establishing a dialogue as to how your finances can enable you to achieve your retirement goals.

Now that you've clarified your goals, let's explore the financial strategies available to help you achieve them.

Principle 2

What's the best financial strategy available to me?

There's no one size fits all strategy to planning as every persons situation is different. Financial advisors can provide you with a cash flow plan, check your insurance coverage, look for estate planning issues, and help you with ongoing questions particularly to minimising tax, social security (age pension), contributing to your superannuation and how to avoid any small mistakes that may have unintended financial consequences.

Approaching Retirement Strategies

- 1** Delaying Capital Gains Until Retirement
- 2** Delaying Income from Related Entities
- 3** Managing Insurance Costs and Estate Plan
- 4** Contributing to Superannuation



Your retirement planning strategy usually starts a long way before retirement. For the average Australian, superannuation is the second most significant investment outside the family home. And it's essential to get that right. Partnering with a financial adviser will also provide you with the retirement framework and mentorship that will help transition with the tide.

Want to understand these strategies in more detail and how they can benefit your unique retirement goals? Reach out to a financial advisor for personalised advice.

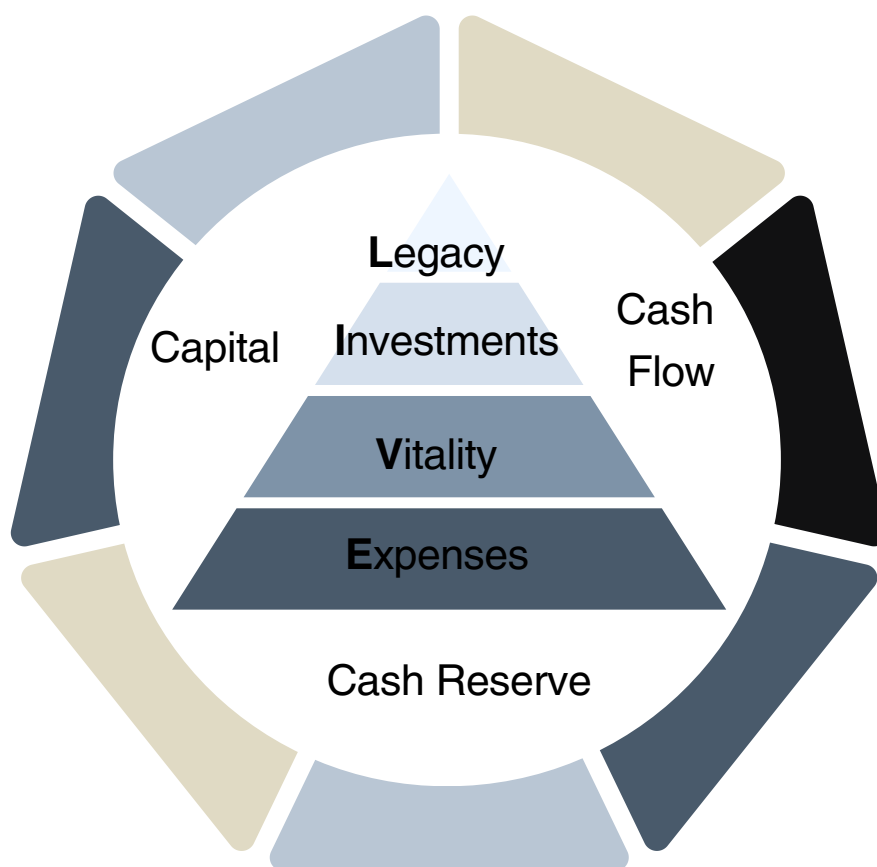
Now that you've considered the financial strategies available to you, let's explore your relationship with money and how it can affect your retirement.

Principle 3

Understand Your Relationship with Money

Money is simply a medium of exchange and stores value. Given that it's a store of value, it's important to keep in mind how it reflects your values.

Do you have the capital, cash reserves and cash flow to **LIVE** your retirement?



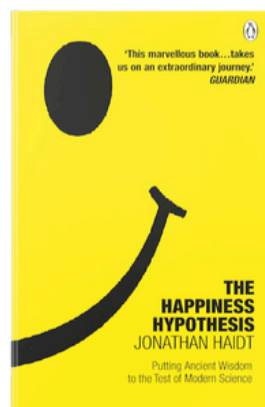
As a rule of thumb, the total amount of capital you require to be completely financially independent is adhering to the 4% rule. That is to say you divide your retirement expenses by 4%, so for example if your budget is \$70,000 a year, the total capital you require is \$1,750,000.

It's also important to keep a cash bucket available, which is for any medical emergencies or sufficient cash for 2 years of income in the event of a market downturn.

Book Recommendation

In *The Happiness Hypothesis* by Jonathan Haidt, small habits are discussed in the context of how they contribute to overall happiness and well-being. By focusing on small, manageable changes, rather than overwhelming goals,

we can create sustainable routines that contribute to a happier and more fulfilled life. Haidt emphasizes the importance of finding habits that are meaningful and manageable, as they are more likely to stick and positively impact our overall happiness.



Principle 4

Your Super Is The Most Important Thing

Your superannuation will be the most tax-optimal place to invest for your retirement. Once you have met a condition of release you're eligible to structure your assets in an account-based pension where you're allowed up to \$1.9 million in a tax-free entity.

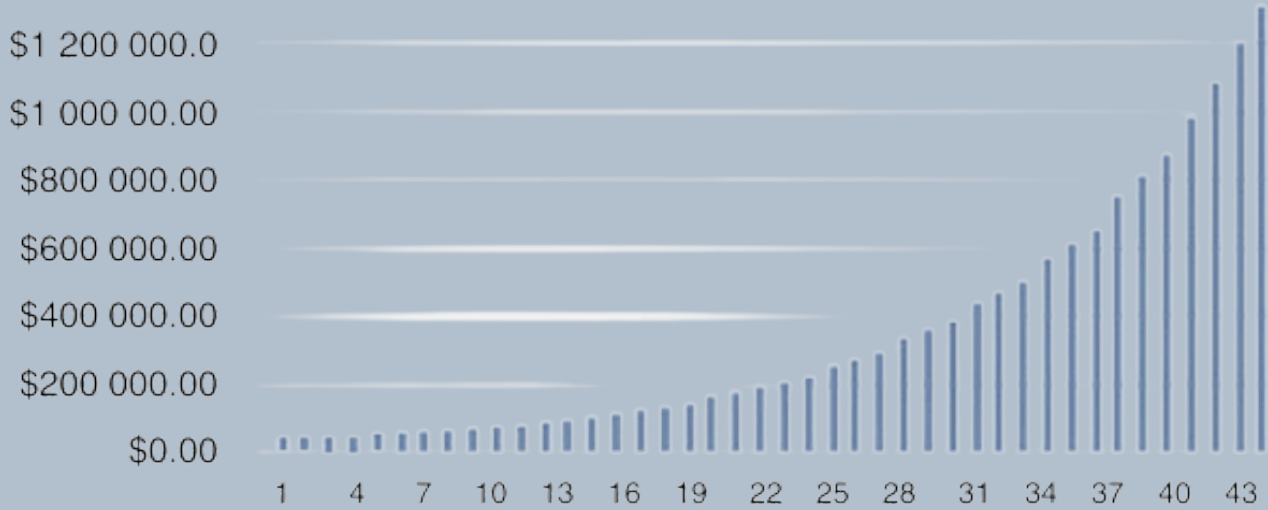
It's important to be mindful of the benefits of compound interest and how time invested works. Consider the following portfolio's as an example:

Assumptions	Portfolio A	Portfolio B
Initial Balance	\$10,000	\$30,000
Payments per month from employer	\$1,200	\$1,500
Number of Years Invested	45	35
Average Return	9%	9%
Total at retirement	\$1,114,303.34	\$935,985.17

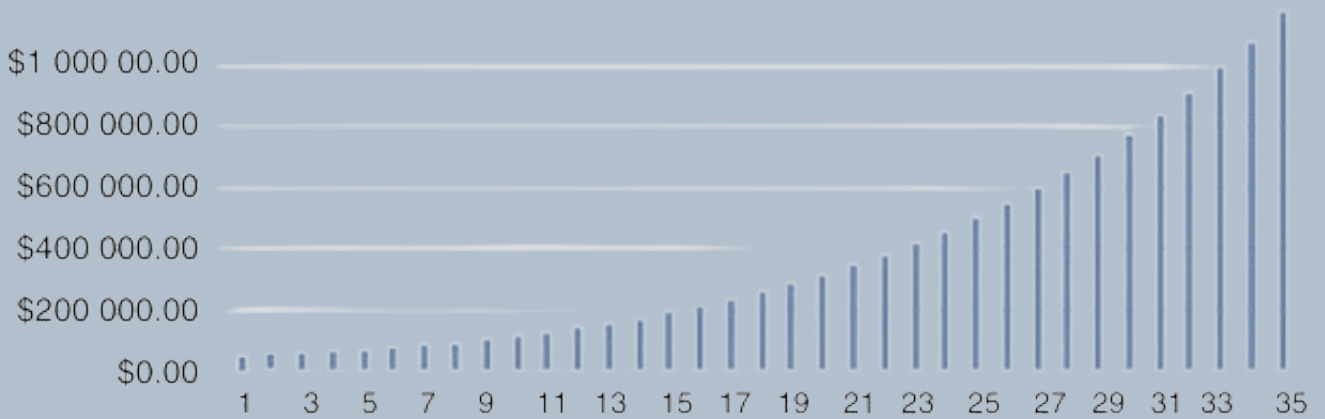
Year	Portfolio A	Portfolio B
1	\$12,100.00	\$34,200.00
2	\$14,389.00	\$38,778.00
4	\$16,884.01	\$43,768.02
5	\$19,603.57	\$49,207.14
6	\$22,567.89	\$55,135.78
7	\$25,799.00	\$61,598.01
8	\$29,320.91	\$68,641.83
9	\$33,159.79	\$76,319.59
10	\$41,905.15	\$93,810.30
15	\$71,657.92	\$153,315.85
20	\$117,436.25	\$244,872.50
25	\$187,871.88	\$385,743.76
30	\$296,245.83	\$602,491.66
35	\$462,992.58	\$935,985.17
40	\$719,553.13	
45	\$1,114,303.34	

From the table illustrating the previous example, we can see that Portfolio A doubled in value in the 10 years where Portfolio B had stopped investing. From a simple compounding example, we can see that investments gain in value exponentially the longer the investments have to mature.

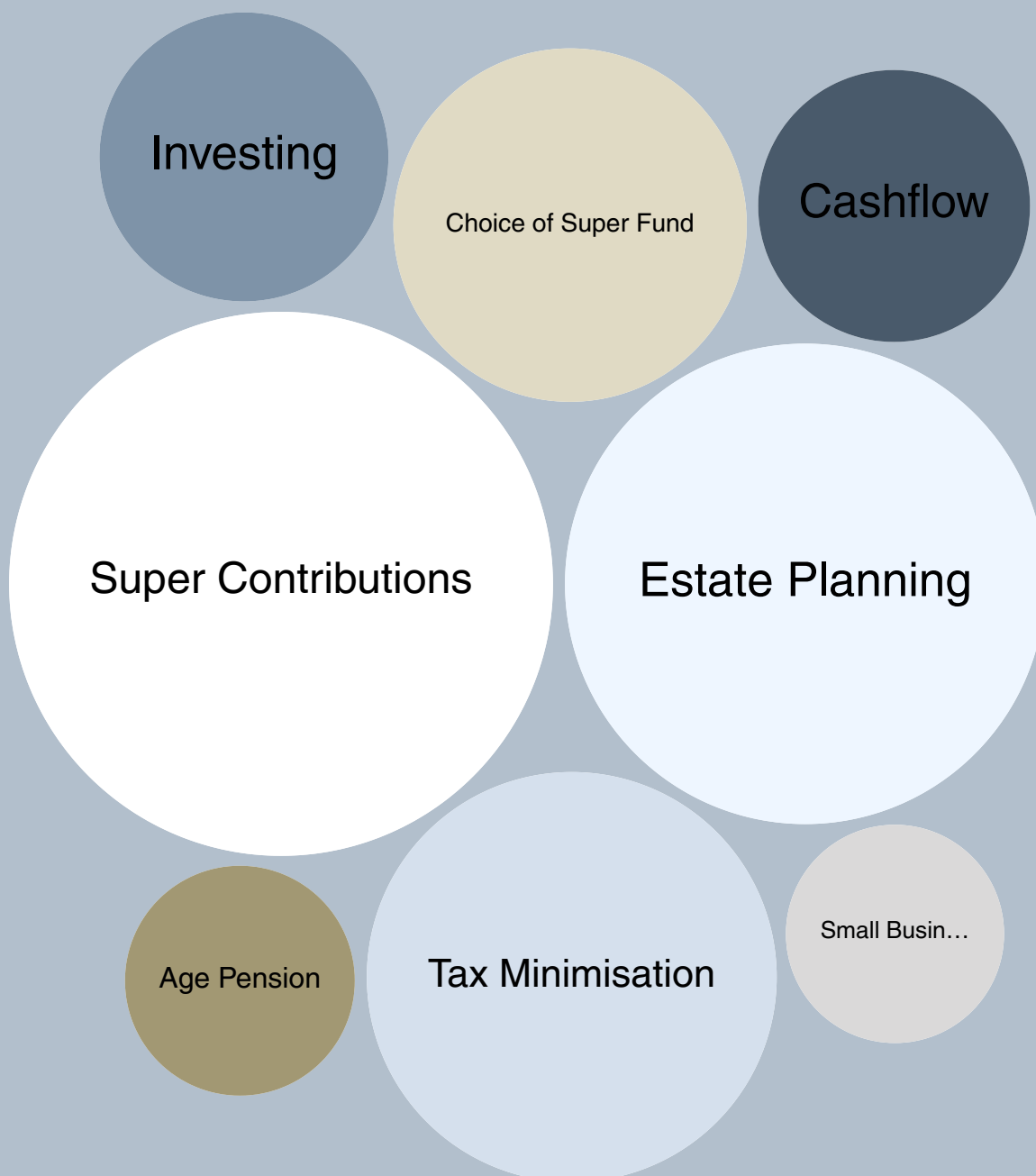
Portfolio A - Superannuation over Time



Portfolio B - Superannuation over Time



As you approach retirement there are a range of possible strategies at your disposal that will enable you to fund your retirement in the most tax optimal fashion. It also increases the complexity of structuring your assets and understanding how to mitigate any unintended consequences with your financial strategy is best left to discussion with an advisor. The subject areas are the key domains of a retirement plan and what to consider on the basis of financial needs and complexity.

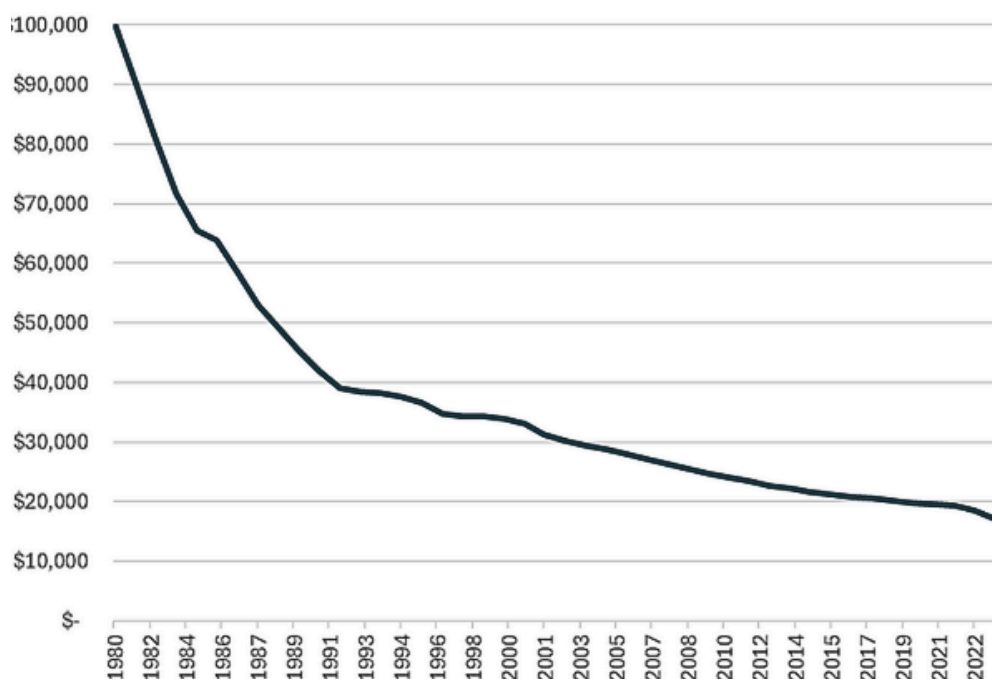


Principle 5

What's the Biggest Cost of Retirement?

The most significant cost to retirees isn't limited to healthcare, housing or holidays; it's the **hidden cost of inflation**. Inflation is the increase in cost of living every year. Just because you've retired doesn't mean that you cease investing and remain invested in cash.

Inflation over Time



For example, if you had \$100 000 in savings in 1980; today, you would have less than \$20 000 in purchasing power. It's important to remain invested wisely to address an individual's longevity concerns. In 1800 the global life expectancy was 29 years, today Australian men are expected to live up until 84, while women have a life expectancy of 87.

Principle 6



The Second Innings

Is hanging up the boots something that you want? For some people, not always. For many of us work is meaningful and provides a sense of emotional safety knowing that there's income available and something to do. Statistics show that 1 in 8 'retirees' are continuing to work after retiring and aged over 65.

Proportion of the Australian Population over 65

Per cent



The Baby Boomer generation has acquired a significant amount of wisdom that can be passed on to the next generations. There's a classic story when Don Bradman as a selector signed off Richie Benaud as the Australian captain. Bradman's advice is succinct and to the point, "leave cricket a better sport having played the game". It's not just the extra pocket money but also time and efforts that are spent mentoring and adding to your own fulfilment.

Are you 'On-Track' for retirement?

We also have a link to our online Retirement Ready Scorecard as per the QR code below. The scorecard will ask you 15 questions assessing your current situation and will provide you with a FREE 20 page report as to whether you're on track for retirement and explore any opportunities for personal growth and improvement.



You can also give us a call or email us at the following details:

T +61 2 8302 3620

E wealthadvisors@rivkin.com.au

W www.rivkinwealthadvisors.com.au

Contact

Ready to have a conversation?

Rivkin Wealth Advisors is committed to guiding you with the utmost professionalism and dedicated service as you navigate your financial journey. We look forward to partnering with you on this exciting path towards financial growth and stability.



Jock Evans, Financial Advisor

Jock Evans is a key member of our Wealth Advisor team. With over seven years of experience in the financial services industry, Jock specialises in creating tailored wealth management strategies and investment plans. Holding a Bachelor of Commerce and having studied Financial Planning and Economics at the postgraduate level, he is dedicated to helping clients understand the intricacies of their investments, empowering them to make well informed financial decisions.



Alex Galvin, Financial Advisor

Alex Gavin is a Senior Financial Advisor at Rivkin Wealth Advisors. He has over ten years of experience with focus on helping clients create and preserve their wealth. Alex adopts a client-first approach in crafting prudent financial strategies that ensure that his clients achieve their financial and lifestyle goals. He holds Certified Financial Planner status and an Investment Management Analyst Certificate, while also possesses a Bachelor of Commerce and a holds Master of Financial Planning.

Contact Us

T +61 2 8302 3620

E wealthadvisors@rivkin.com.au

W www.rivkinwealthadvisors.com.au

DISCLAIMER: Rivkin Wealth Advisors Pty Ltd, ABN 56 612 316 202, AFSL 551201 makes no representation and takes no responsibility as to the soundness of any opinion or the accuracy or completeness of any information contained within this document. The information contained within this document is general advice only and does not consider your personal circumstances. There may be a product disclosure statement or other offer document for the securities and financial products written about in this. You should obtain a copy of the product disclosure statement or offer document before deciding whether to acquire the security or product. For all of our relevant disclosure documents by calling +61 2 8302 3620 or visiting our website at <https://about.rivkin.com.au/legal-documents/>. Directors and employees of Rivkin Wealth Advisors may, from time to time, hold securities in companies mentioned in this email. Directors and employees may also earn fees, commissions, rebates and/or interest from products and services offered to clients of Rivkin Wealth Advisors.

Retirement Quiz

Are you confident in your retirement plan?

1 = No 2 = Uncertain 3 = Yes

1 I am confident that I am on track to achieve my retirement goals.

1

2

3

2 I am aware of where and how my superannuation fund is invested, the benefits and the risks and can sleep at night if markets crashed.

1

2

3

3 I am aware of how to minimise my personal income tax and how to minimise the tax paid in my estate?

1

2

3

4 I am confident in my investment experience, discipline and knowledge to fund my retirement?

1

2

3

5 I understand the benefits of superannuation and how my retirement savings are structured

1

2

3

Scored under 15? **Contact us today for expert advice.**



RIVKIN

WEALTH ADVISORS

Rivkin Wealth Advisors Pty Ltd | ABN 56 612 316 202 | AFSL 551201 | Address: Suite 8 "The Elan" 1 Kings Cross Rushcutters Bay, NSW 2011 | Phone: +61 2 8302 3620 | Investing and trading carry financial risk, when judging performance please consider the different types of investments and levels of risk associated. Past performance and Back-tested data is not a guarantee of future performance.